Chairman Hua Visits Korea

CHAIRMAN of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China and Premier of the State Council of the People's Republic of China Hua Kuo-feng arrived in Pyongyang on May 5 on a friendly visit to China's fraternal neighbour at the invitation of Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Korean Workers' Party and President of the State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Among those accompanying Chairman Hua were Keng Piao, Member of the Political Bureau of the C.P.C. Central Committee, Vice-Premier of the State Council and Head of the International Liaison Department of the C.P.C. Central Committee; Chen Mu-hua, Alternate Member of the Political Bureau of the C.P.C. Central Committee, Vice-Premier of the State Council and Minister of Economic Relations With Foreign Countries; and Huang Hua, Member of the C.P.C. Central Committee and Minister of Foreign Affairs.

Early that morning, hundreds of thousands of Pyongyang residents in their holiday best and carrying garlands and bouquets were already lining the thoroughfares of the city. The national flags of the two countries flew over Pyongyang Railway Station and all tall buildings. On the main thoroughfare in downtown Pyongyang, huge colour portraits of Chairman Hua and President Kim stood side by side. Standing out from the sea of multi-colour flags and bright flowers were the words "welcome," "Friendship," "Unity" and "Pyongyang-Peking." An atmosphere of friendship and militant unity between the Korean and Chinese peoples permeated the whole of Pyongyang.

At 11:50 a.m., Chairman Hua arrived at Pyongyang Railway Station by special train. Amidst thunderous cheers, Chairman Hua alighted from his coach and firmly shook hands with and warmly embraced President Kim who was there to welcome him.

Grand Welcome

A grand welcoming ceremony began with the 21-gun salute. After greeting the cheering people of all circles at the square before the station, Chairman Hua, accompanied by President Kim, got into an open limousine and drove to the Guest House. Singing, dancing and waving flowers, crowds lining both sides of the 10-kilometre-long route gave a rousing welcome to their Chinese guests. As the motorcade moved slowly forward, boys and girls in pairs stepped from the crowd to present bouquets of fresh flowers to Chairman Hua and President Kim.

When the open limousine came to a stop at the square before the Pyongyang Gymnasium,

Chairman Hua accompanied by President Kim got out and walked towards the welcomers. Kang Hui Won, Chairman of the Pyongyang Municipal Administrative Committee, on behalf of the people of Pyongyang presented Chairman Hua with a statuette of a Korean fighter and a Chinese fighter standing shoulder to shoulder. It bore the inscription "Comrades-in-Arms Sealed in Blood." Chairman Kang Hui Won said: "This statuette symbolizes the revolutionary friendship between the Korean and Chinese peoples cemented in blood when they fought from the same trench against their common enemy. It also symbolizes the determination of our two peoples to go on fighting side by side."

The square was packed with people. It was a dazzling, colourful scene. Young men and women in colourful Korean and Chinese folk costumes danced Korean and Chinese folk dances to the strains of *Song in Welcome to Chairman Hua.*

That evening, President Kim Il Sung gave a grand banquet in honour of Chairman Hua and his party.

Highly Satisfactory Talks

During this visit, Chairman Hua and President Kim held sincere talks on developing further the militant friendship and revolutionary solidarity between the two Parties, two countries and two peoples of China and Korea as well as other issues of mutual interest. They also told each other about the excellent situation in socialist revolution and socialist construction in their respective countries. Full and satisfactory results were attained during the talks.

In Pyongyang, Chairman Hua and all members on his entourage visited Mangyongdae, the native place of President Kim Il Sung, the great leader of the Korean people and close friend of the Chinese people. Chairman Hua also visited the Korea-China Friendship Taekam Co-operative Farm.

On the afternoon of May 7, the Pyongyang Municipal People's Committee held a 100,000-strong mass rally at the Moranbong Stadium to warmly welcome Chairman Hua.

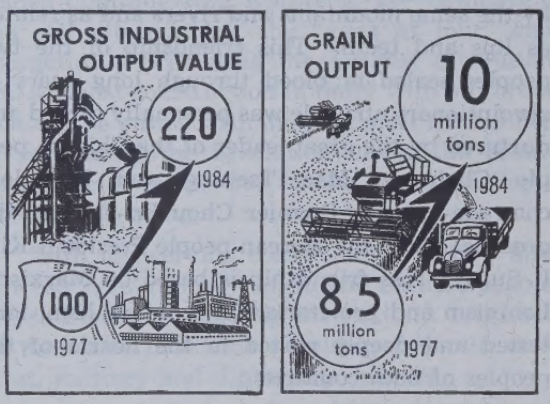
President Kim and Chairman Hua delivered heartwarming speeches at the rally (for full texts, see pp. 9 and 12).

Korea's Second Seven-Year Plan

FULFILMENT of the magnificent Second Seven-Year Plan (1978-84) of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea will further strengthen the national economy by the introduction of modern technology to all its sectors.

The plan calls for a 2.2-time increase in gross industrial output value with an average annual growth rate of 12.1 per cent. By 1984, electricity output will be 56,000-60,000 million kwh; coal output, 70-80 million tons; steel, 7.4-8 million tons; machine tools, 50,000 sets; chemical fertilizer, 5 million tons; and cement, 12-13 million tons.

Agriculture, too, will be enormously developed, with grain production reaching 10 million tons by 1984.



On May 8, Chairman Hua accompanied by President Kim visited the industrial city of Hamhung in eastern Korea.

Militant Friendship

The grand and magnificent welcome accorded Chairman Hua by the Korean people is a brilliant page in the annals of Sino-Korean friendship. As everyone remembers, Chairman Mao Tsetung had met President Kim Il Sung on many occasions and the last visit abroad Premier

Chou En-lai made was to Korea. Today, on his first trip abroad, Chairman Hua came first to visit Korea. This is of major historical significance.

China and Korea are close neighbours linked by the same mountains and rivers and as related as lips and teeth. This friendship of the two peoples sealed in blood through long years of revolutionary struggle was personally forged and nurtured by the great leader of the Chinese people Chairman Mao Tsetung and his close comrade-in-arms Premier Chou En-lai, and the great leader of the Korean people President Kim Il Sung. This friendship is based on Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism, long tested and deeply rooted in the hearts of the peoples of both countries.

When the Chinese people were engaged in revolutionary wars at home, the fine sons and daughters of the Korean people shed their blood and laid down their lives in helping their Chinese comrades. During the difficult days of the War of Resistance Against Japan, Comrade Kim Il Sung organized and led the Korean People's Army to fight shoulder to shoulder in the mountains and forests of China's northeast together with the Chinese anti-Japanese armed forces against the Japanese invaders. In June 1950, when U.S. imperialism launched a war of aggression against Korea, the Chinese people, following Chairman Mao's instruction to "resist U.S. aggression and aid Korea, protect our homes and defend our motherland," in October that year sent the Chinese People's Volunteers to fight alongside the Korean People's Army against the U.S. aggressors. After three years of bloody fighting, the Korean people finally defeated the U.S. imperialist aggressors and brought about deep-going changes in the international situation, and this became a major indicator marking the decline of U.S. imperialism.

A Higher Stage

The Chinese and Korean peoples have always helped each other and co-operated closely to make common progress in the great cause of socialist revolution and socialist construction. The two countries' relations of friendly co-operation in political, economic, scientific and technological, cultural, military and other affairs have developed in an all-round, profound way.

Chairman Hua's visit to Korea has pushed the militant friendship between the peoples of China and Korea to a higher stage.

As President Kim Il Sung said at the grand banquet Chairman Hua gave in Pyongyang on May 9: The whole course of the current visit "has further consolidated the time-honoured comradely and revolutionary relations between our two Parties, two countries and two peoples and fully demonstrated the invincible might of the friendship and solidarity between Korea and China." He said, "At our talks and conversations held these days we discussed a number of problems including that of steadily developing the fraternal friendly and co-operative relations between our two countries in conformity with the trend of the developments and clearly demonstrated that we were completely the same in our views and stands."

Chairman Hua also pointed out: "I firmly believe that the outcome of our current visit will exert a far-reaching influence on the common struggle of our two peoples and that the strengthening of China-Korea friendship and solidarity will surely help forward the solidarity and progressive cause of the revolutionary people of Asia and the world as a whole."

At Pyongyang Mass Rally

President Kim Il Sung's Speech

Esteemed Comrade Chairman Hua Kuo-feng,

Esteemed Guests From China,

Comrades and Friends,

Citizens of our capital have gathered at this stadium today with great joy to welcome the goodwill envoys of the fraternal Chinese people.

At this place overflowing with the fervent sentiments of Korea-China friendship, I warmly welcome once again Comrade Hua Kuo-feng, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China and Premier of the State Council of the People's Republic of China, and his party.

And, through you, I would like to convey the warm militant greetings of the Korean people to the entire Chinese people.

The visit of Comrade Hua Kuo-feng, the wise leader of the Chinese people and our intimate friend, to our country is of very great importance in further consolidating the militant friendship and solidarity between the two Parties, two countries and two peoples of Korea and China.

Your visit to our country and the rousing welcome accorded you by our people vividly represent the beautiful canvas of great friendship between Korea and China and demonstrate the firm determination of the two peoples to struggle side by side in closer unity for the victory of the cause of socialism against imperialism, weathering any storm and stress in the future.

You have come to our country with good news that the temporary difficulties created before the Chinese people have been successfully surmounted and everything is now sailing with the wind in China.

The Korean people have got a better knowledge of the splendid successes made by the great Chinese people in the revolution and construction and are overjoyed at them.

Under the wise leadership of their great leader Comrade Mao Tsetung, the Chinese people won victory in the people's revolution and built a new socialist China. This signified a radical turn in the history of the Chinese people spanning thousands of years and a momentous event which brought a substantial change to the looks of Asia and the world.

By embarking upon the socialist road, the Chinese people have been able to shake off the age-old backwardness and poverty and enjoy a free and happy new life as the true master of the state and society.

Today the Chinese people, under the correct leadership of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China headed by their wise leader Comrade Hua Kuo-feng, are liquidating the evil aftermath of the "gang of four" and energetically promoting the socialist revolution and socialist construction in unity with all forces that can be united with, holding aloft the banner of continuing the revolution under the proletarian dictatorship, true to the behest of Comrade Mao Tsetung.

With unswerving conviction of victory and in fresh revolutionary spirit, the Chinese people are successfully fulfilling the militant tasks set by the Party in all the political, economic, cultural, military and diplomatic spheres.

We positively support all the measures of the Chinese Party, considering them to be correctly reflecting the unanimous desire and purpose of the Chinese people.

Clear is the fighting target of the Chinese people and bright is the prospect of the People's Republic of China.

When the policy of four modernizations advanced by the 11th National Congress of the Communist Party of China is materialized, the People's Republic of China will display its grand appearance to the whole world as a developed socialist power.

The prosperity and development of socialist China constitutes a great contribution to the common cause of the revolutionary peoples of Asia and the world against imperialism and for the victory of socialism.

We sincerely hope that, united closely around the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China headed by you, the fraternal Chinese people will register greater success in their endeavours to implement the strategic policy of the Party and carry the historic cause of the Chinese revolution to accomplishment.

We fully support the Chinese people in their just struggle for liberating Taiwan and achieving the unity of the country.

Comrades and friends,

Today the international situation as a whole continues developing in favour of revolution.

The socialist forces are growing and the struggle of the people for sovereignty, independence and the building of a new society is gathering force day by day.

But the process of the revolutionary change of the world is by no means smooth.

A fierce struggle never ceases in the world arena between the revolutionary and counter-revolutionary forces, between the peoples who advocate independence and the imperialist forces of aggression.

The imperialist forces resort to a string of intrigues coupled with armed suppression in an attempt to maintain their old position of domination, subjugate the independent countries again and plunder them.

Especially, imperialism and other dominationist forces are engaged in a furious scramble to draw the third world countries into the sphere of their domination by estranging them from each other and dividing them and resort to crafty schemings to disorganize the non-aligned movement and the world revolutionary forces.

The present situation urgently demands that the countries of the new-emerging forces, the non-aligned countries, form a united front against the imperialist, old and new colonialist and dominationist forces and intensify the common struggle to frustrate their splitting and disintegrating acts and scramble.

The non-aligned countries, the third world countries, must not be embroiled into the scramble for the sphere of influence among foreign aggression forces and, acting in concert, must not allow the imperialist, colonialist and domination-

ist forces to set foot in Asia, Africa and Latin America.

Only when they defend unity can the non-aligned countries expand and develop the non-aligned movement, the great anti-imperialist revolutionary force of our times, and successfully build an independent, prosperous new world. Only when they are united, the non-aligned countries, the developing countries, can successfully wage the struggle for destroying the old international economic order set by the imperialists and establishing a new international economic order.

The Korean people will always stand firm on the side of the peoples of the three continents fighting to build an independent, new Asia, Africa and Latin America free from domination and subjugation and make everything possible to actively support and encourage their just struggle.

Today Korea is a place where the imperialist aggressive and splitting manoeuvres are most pronounced in Asia.

The U.S. authorities are hastening the war preparations and arms expansion against our Republic on an unprecedentedly vast scale, going back further on their "pledges" to withdraw their troops from south Korea. This eloquently shows that the U.S. imperialists have not given up the design to create "two Koreas" and fix the split of our country, keep hold on south Korea as their permanent colony and military base and invade socialist countries with it as a stepping-stone.

Such manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists increase the danger of a new war in Korea and lay a greater difficulty in the way of the peaceful solution of the Korean question.

If the Korean question is to be solved peacefully, first of all the United States must discontinue the present reckless arms reinforcement and immediately and totally withdraw its forces from south Korea as it "pledged."

If the United States truly wants peace in Korea and her peaceful reunification, it must not bring forward various unrealistic conditions, but seek a way for the peaceful settlement of the Korean question above all through contacts with the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, as we have already proposed.

The United States must stop backing by force of arms and encouraging the present south Korean rulers, who are isolated at home and abroad and hated and rejected by the people, and refrain from interfering in the affairs of the south Korean people, so that they may realize the democratization of society and establish a democratic government as they want.

If a patriotic democratic personage who respects human rights and does not want split and war comes to "power" in south Korea, we are ready to have a dialogue with him at any time for the reunification of the country.

Our Party and the Government of the Republic hold, as always, that the question of Korean reunification should be solved peacefully on a democratic principle by the Korean people themselves without any outside interference.

Our Party's policy of peaceful reunification is enjoying the support and sympathy of the peoples of more and more countries of the world as the days go by.

With the support and encouragement of the world peace-loving people, the Korean people will surely win victory in the sacred struggle for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country.

The Chinese Party, Government and people firmly support the struggle of our people against the "two Koreas" plot of the imperialists and for the reunification of the country.

In the period of the Fatherland Liberation War and in the period of postwar socialist construction, the Chinese people sincerely helped our people in their just cause.

Availing myself of this opportunity, I express deep thanks to Comrade Chairman Hua Kuo-feng and the Communist Party of China and the Government and people of the People's Republic of China.

Comrades and friends,

The peoples of Korea and China have long fought shoulder to shoulder against the imperialist aggressors, the common enemy.

In difficulty and in joy the Parties, Governments and peoples of Korea and China have always shared life and death. When the situation

demanded, they devoted everything and spared no support and encouragement to each other.

Indeed, the history of Korea-China friendship shines with a long tradition and numerous unforgettable, moving facts. It is a living example of proletarian internationalism.

Nothing can break this great friendship which has been sealed with the blood shed by the Communists and peoples of the two countries and which has withstood all ordeals of history. It will constantly consolidate and develop in conformity with the trend of the development of the present era.

The strengthening of the militant friendship and solidarity between our two socialist countries constitutes a powerful factor in increasing the anti-imperialist revolutionary forces and fortifying the position of socialism in Asia and promoting the common cause of the world working class and oppressed nations.

As they firmly united with each other and defeated two imperialist powers in the past, so the peoples of the two countries will struggle shoulder to shoulder for ever in the future, too, as comrades-in-arms and brothers and win victory together.

Today the world does not move as the imperialists and their lackeys want, but is firmly following the road desired and demanded by the people, the makers of history.

Holding aloft the banner of Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism, the revolutionary banner of anti-imperialist struggle, the Korean people will firmly unite with the peoples of the socialist countries, the Asian, African and Latin American peoples, the progressive peoples of Europe and all people of the world who advocate independence for the victory of the cause of peace, democracy, national independence and socialism.

Long live the everlasting militant friendship and solidarity between the Korean and Chinese peoples!

Long live the Communist Party of China and the People's Republic of China!

Long live solidarity among the world progressive people!

Chairman Hua Kuo-feng's Speech

Respected Comrade President Kim Il Sung,

Dear Comrades,

We are very happy today that the heroic people of Pyongyang are holding this solemn and grand rally in our honour to provide us with an opportunity of gathering joyously with them. Comrade Kim Il Sung has just made a very cordial speech. Allow me, first of all, to convey to the people of Pyongyang and to all the people of Korea the fraternal greetings and high respects of the Chinese people.

We have come on a friendly visit to our fraternal close neighbour at the kind invitation of Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Korean Workers' Party and President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. We have been accorded an enthusiastic welcome everywhere by the Workers' Party and the Government and people of Korea ever since we set foot on your beautiful soil. On behalf of the Communist Party of China and the Chinese Government and people, I wish to reiterate our heartfelt thanks to Comrade President Kim Il Sung, the great leader of the Korean people and close friend of the Chinese people, to the Korean Workers' Party and to the Korean Government and people.

For half a century, the industrious, valiant and great Korean people, who have a long revolutionary tradition, have waged extremely arduous struggles in a dauntless revolutionary spirit under the leadership of President Kim Il Sung and the Korean Workers' Party and scored one splendid victory after another along a road marked by countless deeds of heroism.

After waging a prolonged armed struggle they overthrew the barbarous 36-year colonial

rule of Japanese imperialism and established the People's Republic, for whose birth countless martyrs had fought and given their lives, thereby paving a broad road to socialism. This was a great turning point in the history of Korea.

Inheriting and carrying forward their glorious revolutionary tradition during the armed struggle against Japanese aggression, the heroic Korean people defeated the arrogant U.S. imperialists after three years of bloodshed in the Fatherland Liberation War. This earth-shaking victory was a great encouragement to all the oppressed peoples and nations and testified to the truth that the people of a small, weak country will surely triumph over the aggression of a big, strong country if they take the destiny of their country in their own hands and dare to struggle and to take up arms.

After winning victory in the Fatherland Liberation War, the Korean people, adhering to President Kim Il Sung's revolutionary line of independence, self-sustenance and self-defence and displaying the revolutionary spirit of arduous struggle, rehabilitated their war-devastated homeland at *Chollima* speed and turned the Democratic People's Republic of Korea into a socialist country with modern industry and advanced agriculture. Your tremendous achievements have won the high esteem of people all over the world. The Chinese people heartily congratulate you in the spirit of warm brotherhood.

At present, the Korean people are deepening their ideological, technological and cultural revolutions and striving to fulfil their grand Second Seven-Year Plan. We firmly believe that your struggle will be crowned with new and greater victories, and your country will be made more prosperous and powerful.

Holding aloft the banner of proletarian internationalism, the Workers' Party, the Government and the people of Korea are energetically reinforcing the bonds of unity with people of all countries and especially with the countries and people of the third world. They actively support the non-aligned movement and the revolutionary struggles of the people of all countries. They oppose imperialism, colonialism, neo-colonialism and domination. They are thus making a significant contribution to the just

cause of the people of the world for liberation and progress. We are happy to note that the international standing of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea has continued to rise and that you are playing an ever greater role in international affairs.

All the victories and successes of the Korean people have been scored under the wise leadership of President Kim Il Sung, who is the founder of the Korean Workers' Party and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and is the beloved great leader of all the Korean people. Over many decades, he has integrated the universal truth of Marxism-Leninism with the concrete practice of the Korean revolution, formulated and upheld a Marxist-Leninist line, and led Korea's revolution and construction onward from victory to victory.

Korea was originally a unified country, but it has been and remains artifically divided. The root cause for this state of affairs is that U.S. imperialism occupies south Korea and pursues a policy of dividing Korea. The United States and the Pak Jung Hi clique are obdurately trying to engineer a "cross recognition of the north and south of Korea," or a "simultaneous admission" into the United Nations, or the admission into the United Nations of the Pak Jung Hi clique alone with a view to freezing and perpetuating the division of Korea. The Chinese Government and people denounce the U.S. Government's policy of aggression and division, and we denounce the crimes of the Pak Jung Hi clique of betraying the Korean people and splitting the country. We maintain that the Democratic People's Republic of Korea is the sole legitimate sovereign Korean state. We do not recognize the south Korean authorities. The reunification of Korea is the common desire of all the people in both the northern and southern parts of Korea, and it is an irresistible trend of history. Any scheme to create "two Koreas" is doomed to utter failure.

The Chinese Communist Party and the Chinese Government firmly support the correct policies and principled stand of the Korean Workers' Party and the Korean Government, and we firmly support the Korean people in their just struggle for the independent and peaceful reunification of their country. The U.S. Government must withdraw all its aggressor troops and military equipment from south Korea. The Korean question should be settled by the Korean people themselves free from any foreign interference and in accordance with the three principles and the five-point programme put forward by President Kim Il Sung. Truth and justice are on your side. The Chinese people and the people of the whole world are on your side. We are convinced that your 3,000-*ri* expanse of beautiful land will be reunified and your 50 million kinsfolk in the northern and southern parts of the country will be reunited through the unremitting struggle of your people.

Comrades,

Currently, the situation in China is good. Following Chairman Mao Tsetung's behest and representing the fundamental interests and common desire of all the Chinese people, the Central Committee of our Party smashed at one stroke the anti-Party "gang of four" of Wang Hung-wen, Chang Chun-chiao, Chiang Ching and Yao Wen-yuan, and won great victory in the 11th struggle between the two lines in our Party's history. China's first Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution came to a successful conclusion. A new period of development began in China's socialist revolution and socialist construction. Last year we convened the 11th National Congress of our Party. This year we held the Fifth National People's Congress, at which we, in accordance with the line of the 11th Party Congress, formulated the general task of the Chinese people in the new period of development and adopted the Outline of Ten-Year Plan for the Development of the National Economy. Under the leadership of the Central Committee, our whole Party and people are holding aloft the great banner of Chairman Mao Tsetung and displaying the revolutionary spirit of "transforming China in the spirit of the Foolish Old

Man who removed mountains." They have begun a new Long March to make China a powerful socialist country with modern agriculture, industry, national defence and science and technology by the end of the century.

This friendly visit to your country provides an excellent opportunity for us to learn from the Korean people. We will certainly take back to the Chinese people your profound friendship and your valuable experience in revolution and construction. During our stay, the leaders of our two countries held talks on issues of mutual interest in an extremely warm and cordial atmosphere, and satisfactory results have been achieved. This will have a profound and far-reaching significance for the further development of the fraternal relations between our two Parties, countries and peoples, for the socialist revolution and construction of our countries and for our common struggle on the international plane.

The Chinese and Korean Parties are fraternal Marxist-Leninist Parties. Our two countries are close neighbours linked by common mountains and rivers. Our two peoples are vitally dependent on each other and are comrades-in-arms sharing weal and woe. The friendship and unity between our two Parties, countries and peoples were fostered jointly by the late Chairman Mao Tsetung, his close comrade-in-arms the late Premier Chou En-lai, and President Kim Il Sung, and they are based on Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism. The seeds of friendship sown by the leaders of our two Parties and two countries have struck deep roots in the hearts of our peoples.

Speaking of the relationship between China and Korea, Chairman Mao once said that, in the past, people from your country never failed to come when we needed help, and, likewise, we gave a helping hand when you were in difficulty. In the years of our revolutionary wars, fine sons and daughters of the Korean people fought shoulder to shoulder with the Chinese people in the Changpai Mountains, on both sides of the Great Wall and on both banks of the Yangtze River. In the years of your Fatherland Liberation War, the Chinese people on their part sent their own sons to cross the Yalu River and, together with the Korean people, repel the aggressors. Our two peoples have sealed in blood a great and extremely close friendship in the course of common struggles lasting for half a century. This is a friendship rarely found in the history of the world. The Chinese people will for ever cherish this friendship of ours.

What we will never forget, in particular, is the fact that you shared our grief in the loss of our great leader Chairman Mao Tsetung and the beloved Premier Chou En-lai and Chairman Chu Teh of the Standing Committee of the National People's Congress, and you shared our rejoicing when we scored the great victory of smashing the "gang of four." Allow me, at this rally today, to express once again our deep gratitude to Comrade President Kim Il Sung and to the Workers' Party, the Government and the people of Korea.

Comrades, please rest assured that the Chinese Communist Party and the Chinese people will follow the behests of our great leader Chairman Mao and our beloved Premier Chou to uphold Sino-Korean friendship from generation to generation. The Chinese people will, as always, stand unswervingly by the heroic Korean people in their socialist revolution and socialist construction and in their struggle against imperialist aggression and interference and for the independent and peaceful reunification of their country. They will unite, fight and advance together with the Korean people no matter what storms may rise in this world.

I earnestly wish that Sino-Korean friendship flow on like the waves of the Yalu River and remain evergreen like the pines on the Changpai Mountains.

Long live the unbreakable militant friendship and revolutionary unity between our two Parties, countries and peoples!